# Problems of Primary Education 1<sup>st</sup> semester/paper code-104

BY:-MRS.RINKI KUMARI
DEPTT.OF EDUCATION
MMHA&PU,PATNA

#### PRIMARY EDUCATION

- First stage of free and compulsory education.
- It is the stage when a child starts receiving formal instruction in an institution.
- ➤ Two stages:
- Lower primary----6 to 9 years of age
   (Std 1 to 4)
- Upper primary---10 to 12 years of age
   (Std 5 to 7)

- It moulds the personality of the child.
- He learns the fundamental skills and attitudes required for leading a successful life in a democratic society.

#### PROBLEMS OF PRIMARY EDUCATION

- > Apathy of parents
- A majority of parents in India do not bother about the education of their children.
- Poverty of parents.
- Resistance to education of girls by certain parents.

# ➤ Overpopulation

### **CAUSES**

Birth rate, death rate, migration, early marriage, illiteracy, ignorance of parents, religious belief, joint family and climate.

#### **EFFECTS**

Low national income, poverty, unemployment, etc

## REMEDIAL MEASURES

Start new industries, internal migration, family planning, provide population education.

#### Problem of resources

 There are only a few schools in India which have all the primary facilities and materials such as blackboards, furniture, drinking water, urinals, etc

# Wastage and stagnation

- Wastage can be defined as "the premature withdrawal of children from school at any stage before the completion of the course".
- Thus, the money invested on the individual is wasted.

- Stagnation is "the retention of a child in a lower class for a period of more than one year".
- He fails in his class and stays there more than the required time due to poor progress.
- Stagnation discourages the child as well as his parents to think it is better to withdraw the child from the school.
- Inequality in educational opportunity
  We must give equal chances of education to all pupils irrespective of religion, caste, sex or economic status without any hindrance.

- Problem of finance to start and maintain the schools.
- Problem of universal provision
- In rural and slum areas, provision to provide primary education is very less.
- Problem of staff
- Most of the primary schools are run with unqualified staff.
- Faculty curriculum
- No child centered, no life centered, not activity centred, etc. It shoud be activity based and include activities for creative expressions.